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DELEGATES' FIGHT FOR HAWAII'S REPRESENTATION IN CONVENTIONS OF G.O.P. MAY BRING RESULTS

Efforts on the part of Delegate Kalamiano and other prominent Republicans of the territory to prevent Hawaii from being deprived of representation in the national Republican conventions, have attracted some attention from national leaders, and unquestionably Hawaii will be given a hearing before final action is taken.

Kuhio wrote to two or three senators influential in the councils of the party. His letter to one of them, dated January 7, 1914, was as follows:

My Dear Senator: I note from the public press the Republican national committee has decided that in future conventions of the party, Hawaii shall be entitled to but two delegates, and that these delegates shall have no right to vote. I can not gather exactly from the reports before me whether this action is final or merely tentative. If final, I presume we must bow, and devote our endeavors to secure some change in the future. If tentative, I sincerely hope you will use your best endeavors to secure for Hawaii more than is proposed to be given. That you may have at hand some reasons for supporting us and our claims, should you determine to do so, I submit for your consideration the following:

The successful conduct of the industries of Hawaii, and the prosperity of its people, are dependent largely on the adoption of the principles of the Republican party. Protection, proportionately means as much, if not more, to us as to any other community in the United States. True, we have little actual suffering amongst our people, but that is the result of our climate rather than of any real prosperity. As a matter of fact, Hawaii has already suffered more from Democratic mismanagement and incompetency than can be calculated. Industries which a year ago were prosperous are now struggling for existence. Receiverships and bankruptcies loom up before us.

Do not by this understand me to say that we are going to lie down and quit. No matter what happens, our people will struggle along and do the best they can, and quit only when they are compelled to do so.

You can at once see from this condition of affairs, what our feelings are towards the Republican party. We feel that we are part and parcel of it; that its success means our success; that its defeat means our defeat. We believe we should not only have a part in its councils, but a voice in determining who its standard-bearers shall be, and what shall be its policies.

It is true, indeed, that in Congress a delegate from a territory may only be heard, but can not vote. But neither logically nor justly should such a rule apply in a national convention of the Republican party. In the enactment of laws the theory of a union of states—each entitled to representation according to its population—is followed. The territories are not considered at all in the scheme. They are not members of the union in a constitutional sense. Not so, however, with the Republican party. Republicans in Hawaii are as much members of that party, that union—as is your own good self. Are we not entitled equally with you to representation? And shall we not equally be heard, and vote? To deprive us of this equality on the theory that a delegate in Congress may not vote, is to say that the "national Republican party" is made up of the Republican party of the states, exercising "plenary powers" over the Republican party of our territory. As a matter of fact, as you no doubt well know, the refusal to give the territory a vote in Congress has never been carried to the extent of refusing a Republican delegate to Congress from a territory the right to participate and vote on all matters concerning the organization of the house by the Republican party. I have always been invited into party caucuses of Republican members of Congress and always have had the right to vote.

And senator, may I suggest something of a practical nature? I do not know exactly what the records will show, but I will venture to assert that the Republican party of Hawaii has for years been treated as entitled to and has received proportionately equal representation with any of the states, when called for contributions have been made. Likewise do I assert, with some degree of confidence, that such calls have been honored to as great an extent as have those of the states. Of course I do not wish to be understood as claiming that this should amount to a purchase of our right to representation. I cite the call on us only as an example that the party here is a member, not a subject of the national party—the response to the call as an illustration of our own pride in being thus treated.

Should the above arguments in favor of our rights not appeal to you as being sound, may I make an appeal to you from a sympathetic standpoint? I hope and believe that in our next campaign we will win out here; that the effects of Democratic mismanagement will open the eyes of the voters; that by an overwhelming majority the people here will declare in favor of the policy of protection to American industries. But to some extent we are handicapped. Many of our voters have not studied the influence of Democratic policies on our industries, nor, if they have so studied them, are possessed of your ability to arrive at just conclusions. Naturally down here exists a tendency to "get on the band wagon." We need your assistance greatly. We want to be able to tell the people that the Republican

party of the mainland does not sit on an elevation and look down upon us, or better still, that it lifts up to its level. We do not wish to front the situation which will be presented when the Democratic party here "points with pride" to the fact that it gives equal representation to Hawaii, while the Republican party does not. The Hawaiian voters are a large majority of the voters here—resenting bitterly an intimate or insinuated inferiority, and when it exists, does not say look too closely into the motives which prompt the distinction. In our effort to uphold the principles of the Republican party, to assist in securing return to power, you can readily recognize the effective capital without opponents would make of their indulgent treatment of the Hawaiian voter.

Now, senator, you must not understand me as saying that we are not loyal to the national committee stands by its action. We have plenty of good Republicans down here who will remain good Republicans, matter what you may do—Republicans ready to back up the leaders faith and works, financially and fully, through thick and thin—Republicans who never sulk in their tents. But we do appeal to you, in this matter, to aid and assist and encourage us; to allow us to say to people that the great Republican party has not overlooked the rights of its humblest, most remote member, and that our interests are as much the care of the great leaders of the great party as those of the most influential. I am also writing to form Senator on this subject and at that both you and he will see the face of our claims.

Very sincerely, Territorial Chairman—Shilo also got in communication with chairman Hillea of the national committee, and received from him the following reply:

January 22, 1914. Mr. Robert V. Shingle, Territorial Central Committee, Quins Building, Honolulu, Hawaii.

Dear Mr. Shingle: I have your letter of January 9th and note that Prince Kalamiano will present the argument for our committee to Senator Smoot, Senator Jones or Washington, Brad of Kentucky, Borah of Idaho, Jackson of Maryland were present the recent meeting of the national committee in Washington as was Congressman Hawley of Oregon.

As I have already said Mr. Rice, this matter must rest in a place until the next meeting of a national committee. It will come for final consideration at the meet in December, 1915, which will be held for the purpose of making allotment of delegates for the national convention to be held in the summer of 1916.

Very sincerely, CHAS. L. HILLIS. Replying to a letter written to him by an ardent Honolulu Republican, another United States senator indicates his intention of taking up Hawaii's fight, by the following letter: Washington, Jan. 20, 1914.

My Dear — I am in receipt of your favor of 8th instant transmitting a copy of a letter from the Hawaiian delegate to former senator — a reference to Hawaii's representation in future conventions of the Republican party.

As I understand it, a recent action of the Republican National Committee was in the nature of a recommendation or suggestion and requires the affirmative action of a Republican national convention before becoming final.

The arguments presented in your letter and in that of the delegate to Senator — are worthy of consideration and at the earliest opportunity I will confer with Senator — and if possible with Senator — in reference to the matter.

ILLUSTRATED LECTURE ON BUDDHISM

Sunday evening, a Central Union Church Rev. A. A. Persole will give the second of the series of illustrated addresses on the great non-Christian religions of the world. The one on Sunday evening will be on "Buddhism, the Religion of the East."

These lectures are written by Dr. Cornelius Patton, secretary of the American Board, of New York city, who gathered his material for the lectures on his world journey covering all the great mission fields.

The pictures are made from photographs taken by him on his trip. The 73 views tomorrow evening include many ancient temples and shrines of India and Ceylon, scenes in "Burma the Beautiful," the pagodas of Mandalay, made famous by Kipling's popular poem, an excitingly rare set of views from the beautiful land of Tibet, besides some thirty pictures descriptive of Buddhist life and worship in China and Japan. The pictures are the finest that are made and all who have heard any of Dr. Patton's lectures know that he has rare descriptive powers.

The general public is most cordially invited to hear the lecture and see the pictures. Doors open at 7 o'clock, come early and get a good seat. The lecture will be preceded by a short musical program by the double quartet choir.

The reason a woman hangs on to her husband's arm is because he is hers.

RAPID TRANSIT FRANCHISE MAY BE MODEL FOR CHARTERS IN THE FUTURE

(Continued from page one)

lution was adopted to double track King street from Fort Shafter to Paia Junction, and to do the work immediately. The cost of this is estimated to be about \$100,000.

The directors also authorized the placing of an order for 15 new cars of same kind and size as the largest of the cars at present running on the King street line. These will cost \$4500 each, or \$67,500 for the lot.

When the new track is laid, it is stated that the company will maintain a five-minute schedule each way on King street, during the busy part of the day.

The Aquarium at Waikiki beach continues to gain ground as an attraction, as is shown by figures recently compiled by Manager C. G. Ballentyne, of the Rapid Transit Company, which owns and operates this most interesting institution. For some years after it was established, the aquarium receipts did not meet expenses of maintenance, but did, no doubt, help out quite materially the street car system, which was its primary object.

Now, however, the aquarium is earning a little profit on its own account. During 1913, the aquarium was visited by 21,568 persons. The receipts were \$5006.70, the expense \$3812.12, and the surplus \$1194.58. For 1912, the paid admissions were 19,939, the receipts \$4748, expense \$3749.93, and surplus \$998.07. The average number of visitors daily last year, including Sunday, was 53.6.

According to the report submitted by Manager C. G. Ballentyne of the Honolulu Rapid Transit & Land Company, at the meeting of the shareholders of the company, which is being held this afternoon in the Stangenwald building, the street car business showed a very healthy growth during the past year. The net earnings for the year were \$246,902.32, and dividends on the common stock of 8 per cent for the year, or \$36,400, were paid. The net earnings, however, are a decrease over the previous year to the extent of \$27,005.24, due to an unusually heavy expense account caused by reconstruction of tracks and main-

tenance of the system generally. These expense figures show \$371,242.26 spent in maintenance last year, against \$290,565.92 for 1912, or an increase of \$80,677.23.

The cars of the company carried during the year 12,263,402 passengers, against 11,307,460 for the year 1912, an increase of 955,942, and the freight traffic increased from 29,615 tons in 1912 to 46,099 in 1913, with earnings of \$7473.59 and \$13,795.83, respectively.

In his report, Manager Ballentyne says in part: "There was an increase in the passenger earnings over 1912 of \$46,992.05; in freight earnings of \$6,421.21, and in attractions of \$258.70. The total increase under these headings being \$53,671.96. The earnings from car operations and attractions were \$618,144.58 against \$564,472.59 for the preceding year. There was also an increase in the income from 'other sources' of \$1782.03, the totals in comparison being \$7,578.14 and \$5796.11.

"On the other hand there was a material increase in the operating expenses over 1912. For the latter year the charges on this account were \$290,565.03, while for 1913 they were \$371,242.26, making the excess \$80,677.23; 85.2 per cent, or \$68,635.35, of which was chargeable to maintenance of ways and structures; 2.3 per cent, or \$1860.75 to maintenance of cars, trucks and motors; 6.1 per cent or \$4363.32

to operation of cars and 6.4 per cent or \$5169.60 to general expenses. Although there was an increase in the car mileage of 17,897 miles and in the number of passengers transported of 955,942, there was a decrease in the power plant expenses of \$16.73. The net earnings from all sources were \$246,902.32.

"There was expended on track maintenance, macadamizing and rehabilitation the sum of \$92,016.25."

THE MIRACLES OF JESUS

Some people find it difficult to believe all of the so-called miracles of Jesus. The Sunday Morning Bible Class, conducted by Rev. A. A. Eber-sole in the Kilohehena building, corner of Beretania and Miller streets, begins tomorrow morning a series of lessons on this subject. There will be a frank and honest facing of the facts as they are recorded in the Gospels, and an attempt to arrive at some reasonable conclusions regarding the whole question.

This class is for all young people. Young men, young women and a number of young married people are attending. No matter what your church connection may be, or whether you have any church connection. If you care to know the truth about Jesus' life and teachings, you will be most welcome. The class meets at 10 o'clock and dismisses in time for those who wish to attend church service to do so.

March Specials

AT

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Beginning Monday, March 2

Sale of White Goods

For charming SUMMER FROCKS and LINGERIE of every description—also for infants' wear—an extraordinary variety. We are offering greater values than ever in our White Goods Department.

LINGERIE BATISTE from 25c per yd.

VICTORIA LAWN, from 15c per yd.

PERSIAN LAWN, from 20c per yd.

MUSLINS, CAMBRIC AND LONG-CLOTHES AT SPECIAL PRICES.

New Laces and Nets

A profusion of the fashionable, shadowy, filmy, dainty kinds, as well as the more practical kinds for which there is always a demand.

Silk and Shadow Lace Flouncings, 12 to 27-inch, 50c to \$3.50 per yd.

Narrow Shadow Laces, 20c to 50c.

Brussels Nets, white, cream and Paris—for waist trimmings, ruffings, etc., 50c to \$1.25 per yd.

Nemo Corsets

Several discontinued models of this high grade corset will be sold at half price.

Smartly Tailored Spring Suits

Attractive models, in White Serge, white with black stripes, navy and black serge, tans and greys.

\$22.50, \$25.00, \$27.50 and \$30.00 models are now selling from \$17.50 to \$22.50.

Special values in LINEN SUITS—Norfolk, Cutaway and Mannish Styles, in white, cream and tan. Were \$10 to \$17.50, now from \$7.00 to \$14.50.

A large number of LADIES and MISSES' COATS will be included in this sale.

Mercerized Curtain Etamine

Hemstitched border, 50c quality. Special price 35c per yd.

36-Inch Cretonne

In new spring designs—30c and 35c qualities for 25c per yd.

Inventory Clearance Spreads and Comforters

\$2.00 WHITE BEDSPREADS, 69x86 at \$1.50.

\$1.25 WHITE BEDSPREADS, 72x83 at \$1.00.

\$2.85 WHITE BEDSPREADS, 80x90 at \$2.25.

ENGLISH MARSEILLES SPREADS at exceptionally low prices.

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